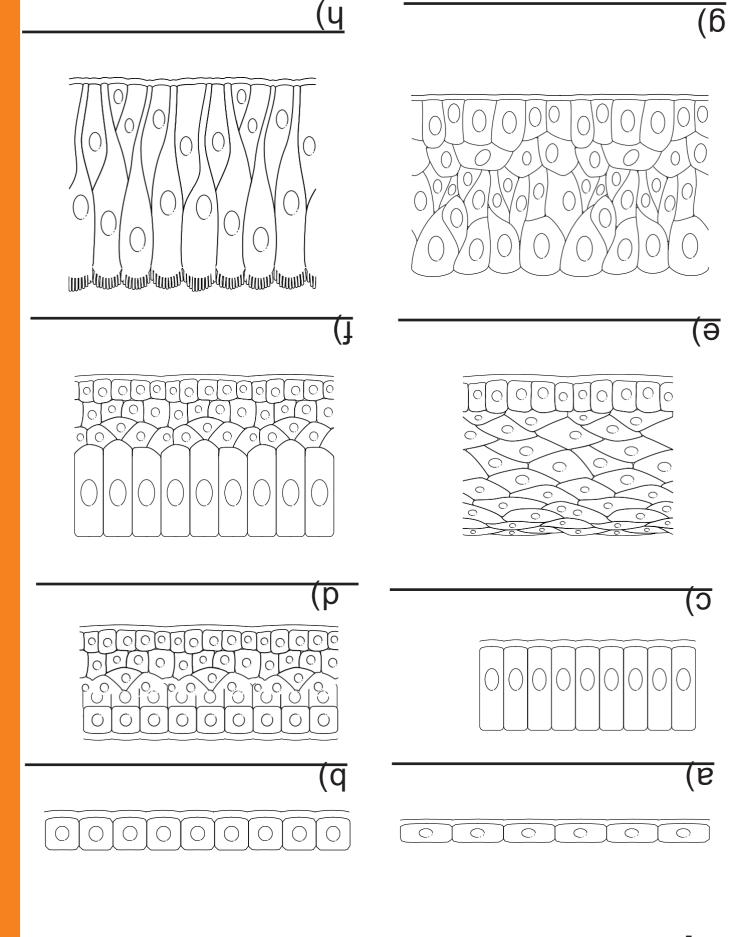
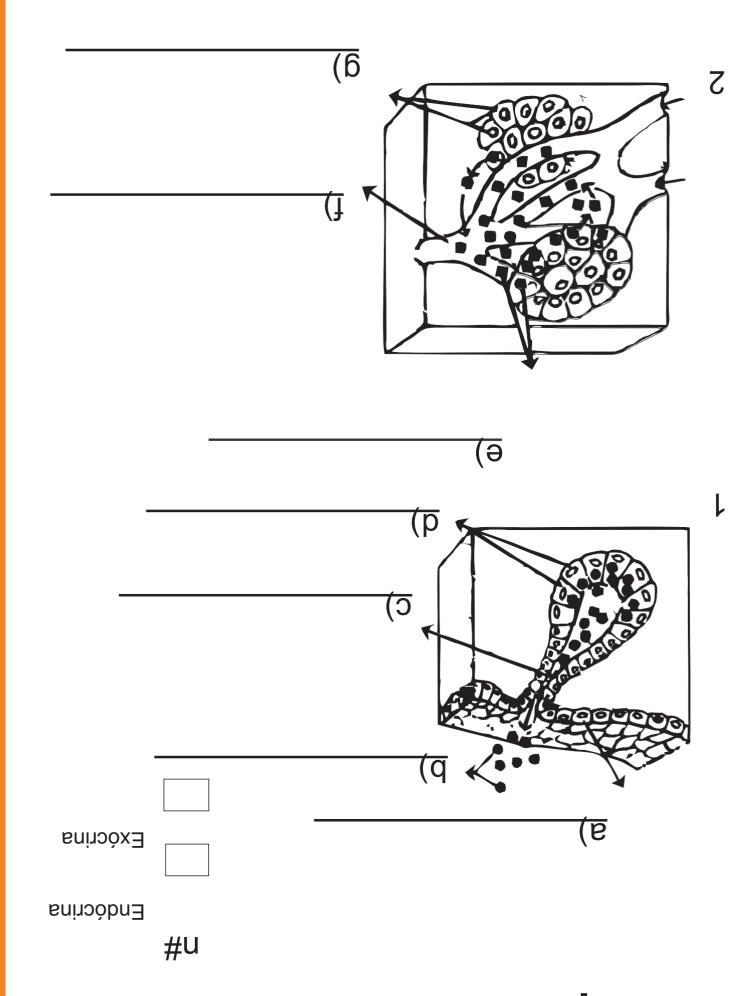
APOSTILA DE ACOMPANHAMENTO E ESTUDOS

Sto Sto OGIA Livro de Colorir

Ojnəmijzəvər əb zoiləjiq

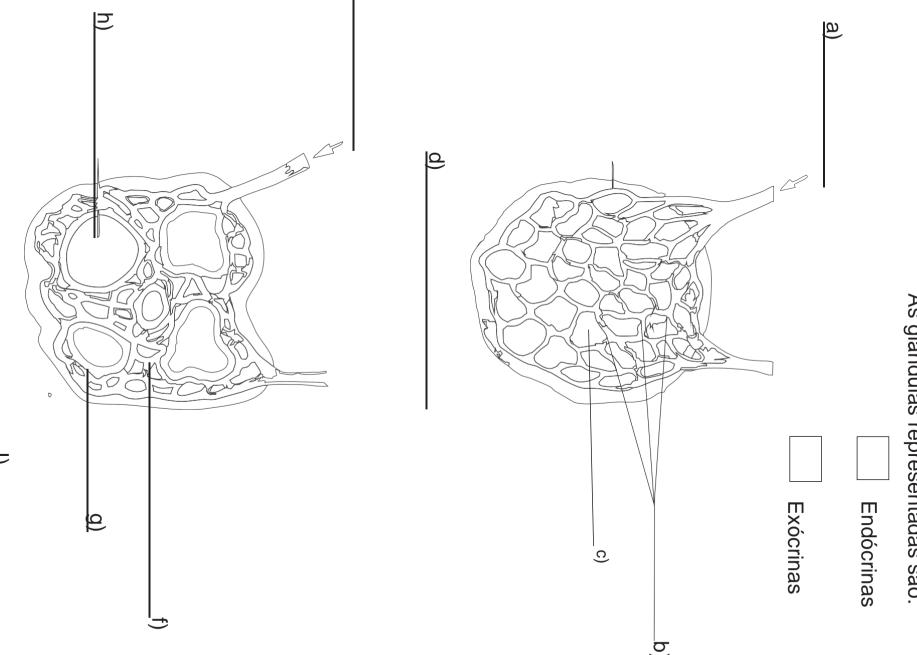




Epitélio Glandular

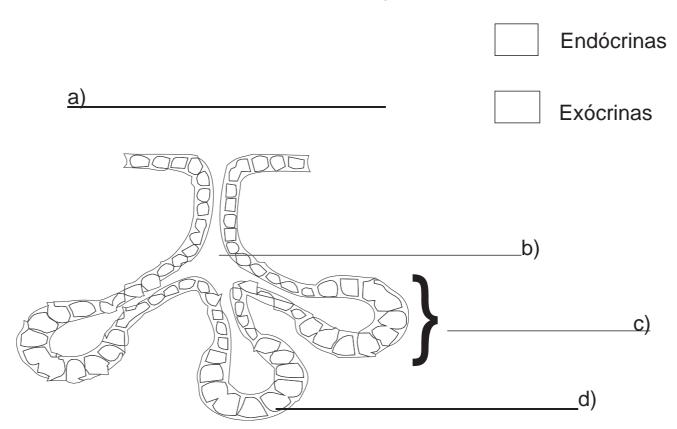
Epitél lio Glandular

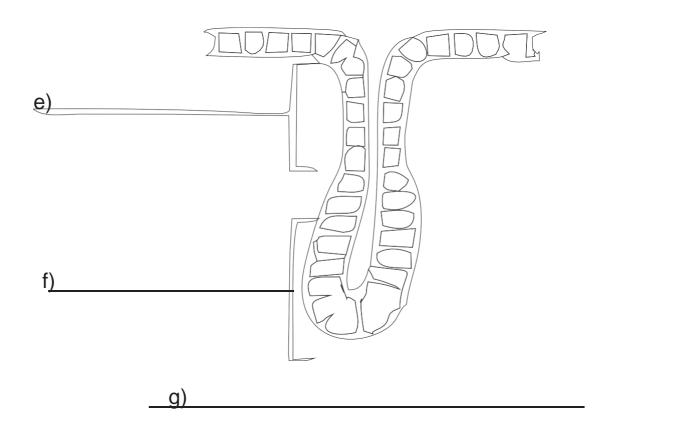
As glândulas representadas são:



Epitélio Glandular

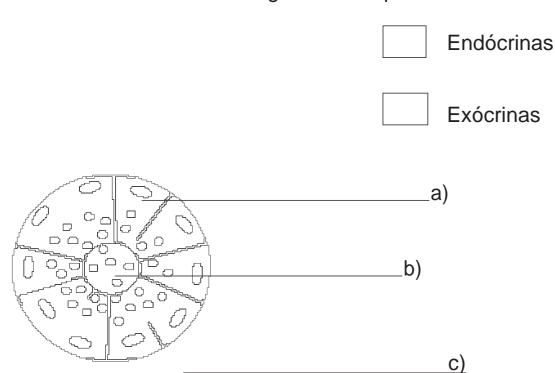
As glândulas representadas são:

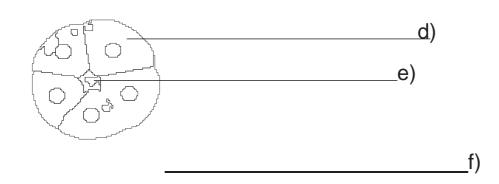


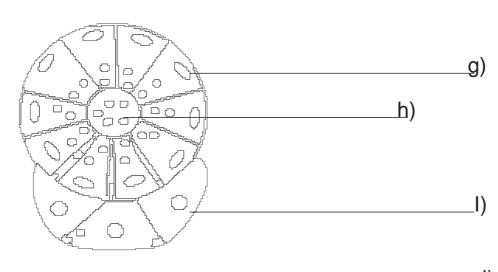


Epitélio Glandular

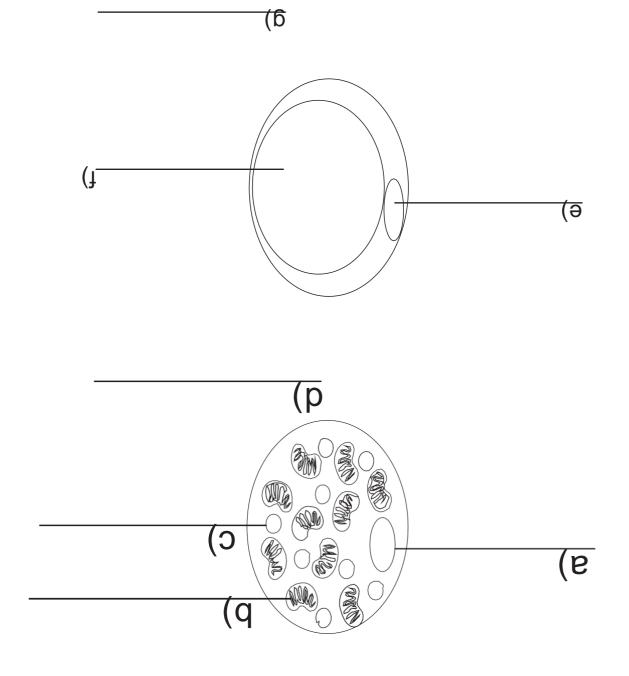
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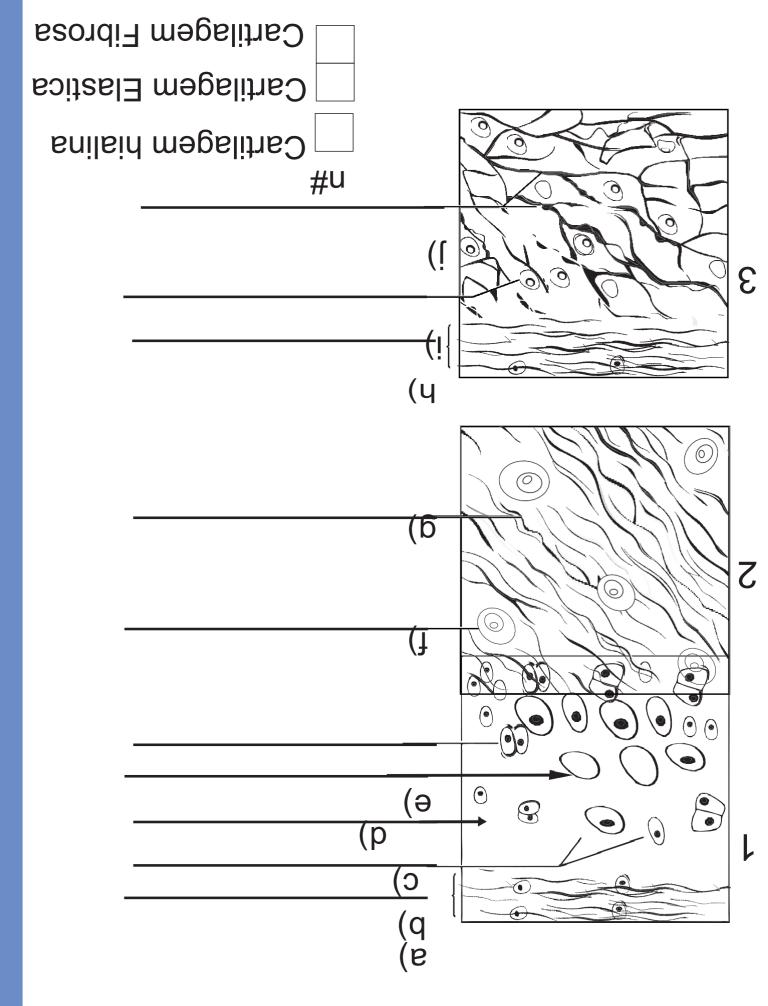


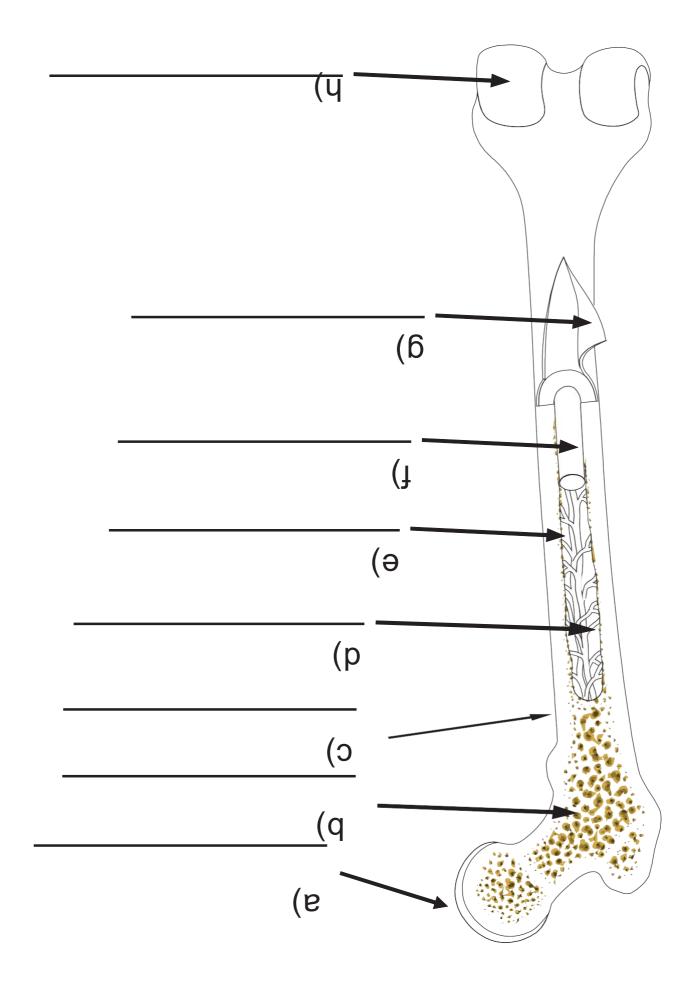


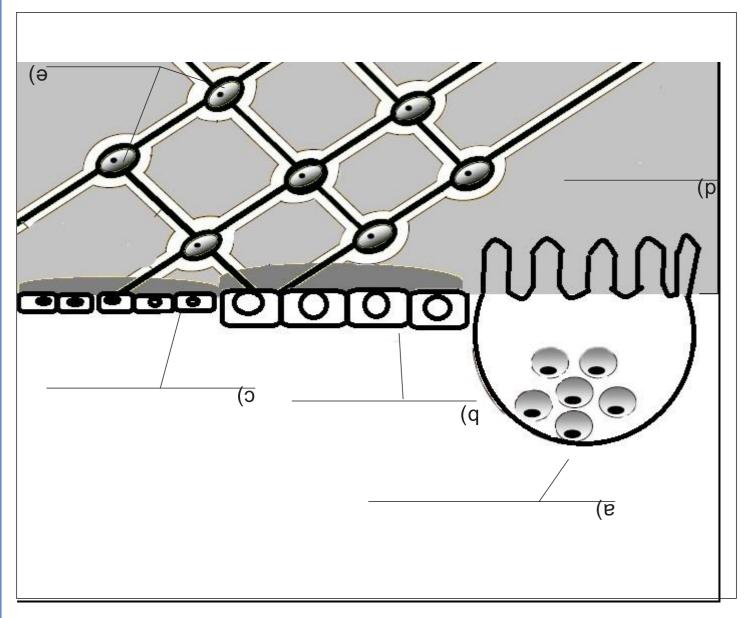
adipócitos

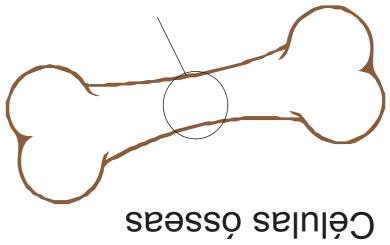


tecido cartilaginoso

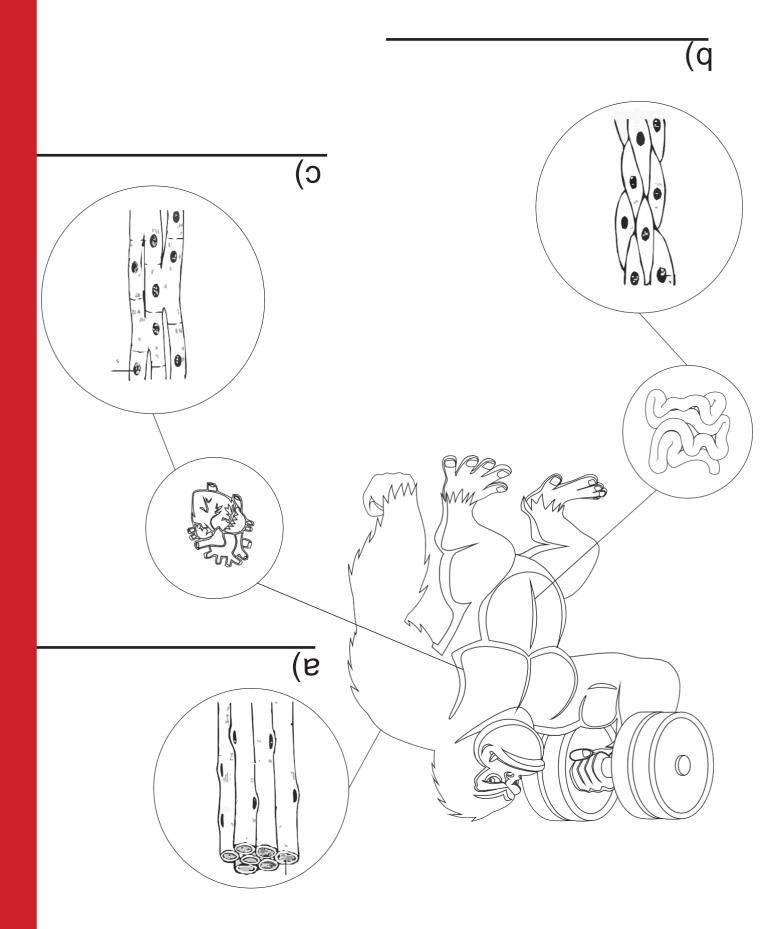






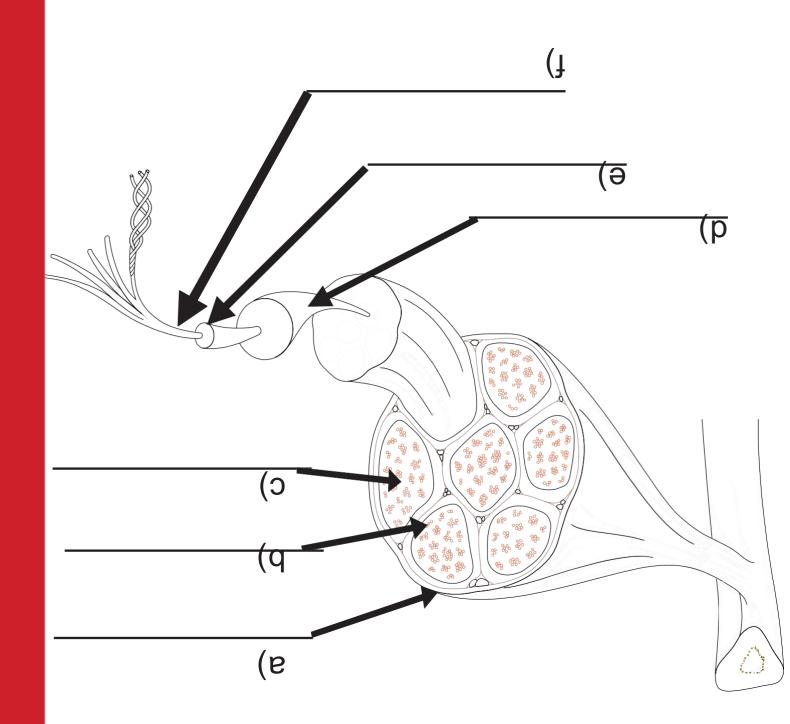


Tecido muscular



Tecido muscular

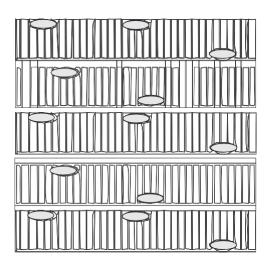
ORGANIZAÇÃO DO TECIDO MUSCULAR ESQUELÉTICO (TEC. CONJUNTIVO)

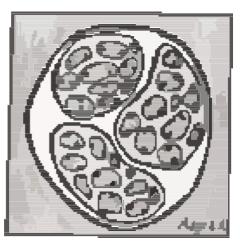


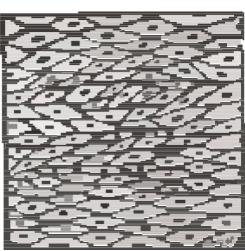
Tecido muscular

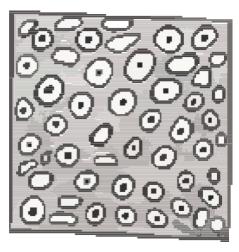
Assinale:

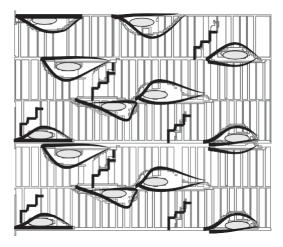
- 1- Musculo Liso
- 2- Musculo Estriado Esquelético
- 3- Musculo Estriado Cardiaco

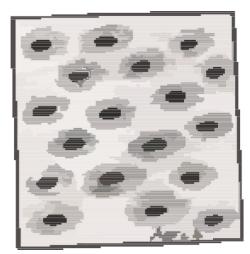








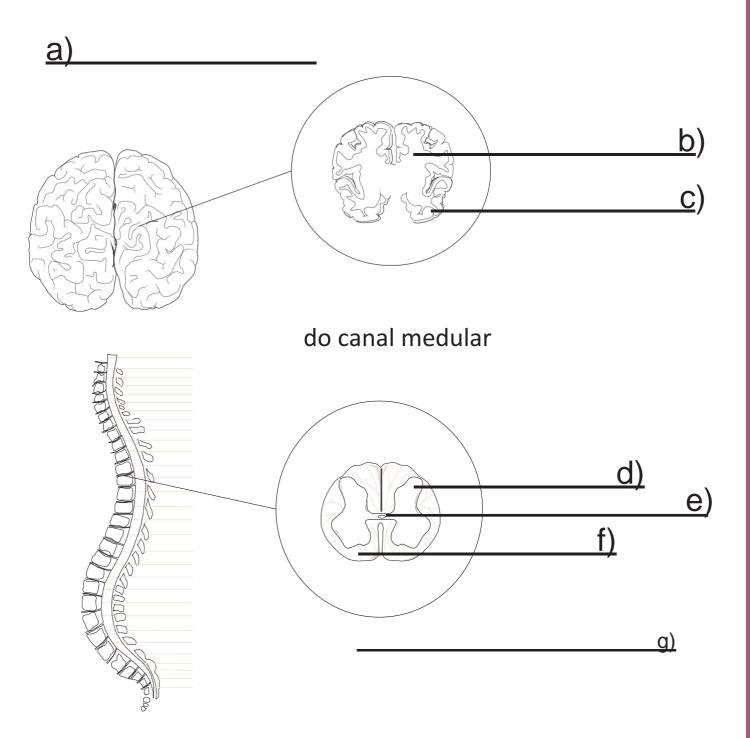






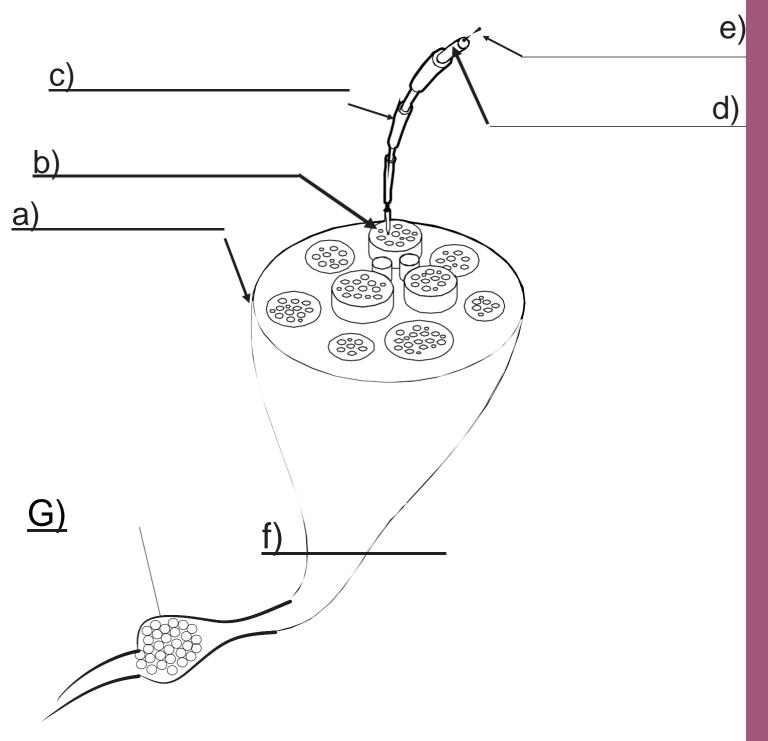
Tecido nervoso

Sistema nervoso central



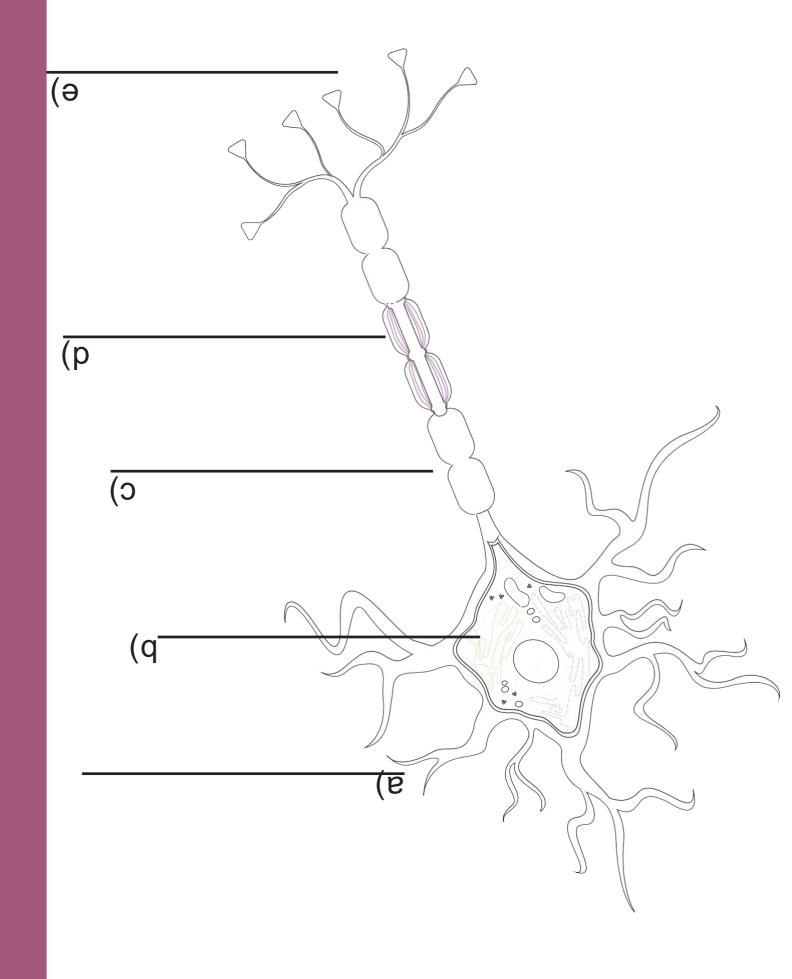
-> Indique as células existem na substância branca e cinzenta; células do epêndima nos ventrículos do cérebro e no revestimento do canal medular

Tecido nervoso Sistema nervoso periferico



-> Indique quais células e quais parte do neurônio estão presentes em cada uma das estruturasnrepresentadas.

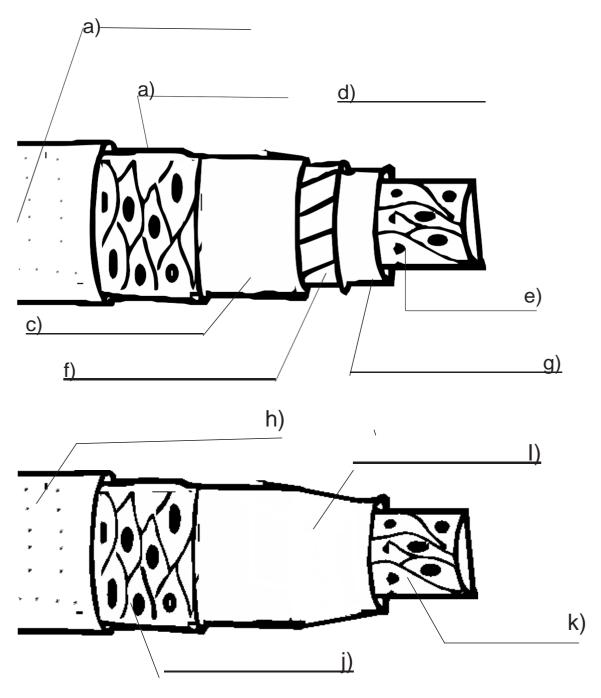
Tecido nervoso

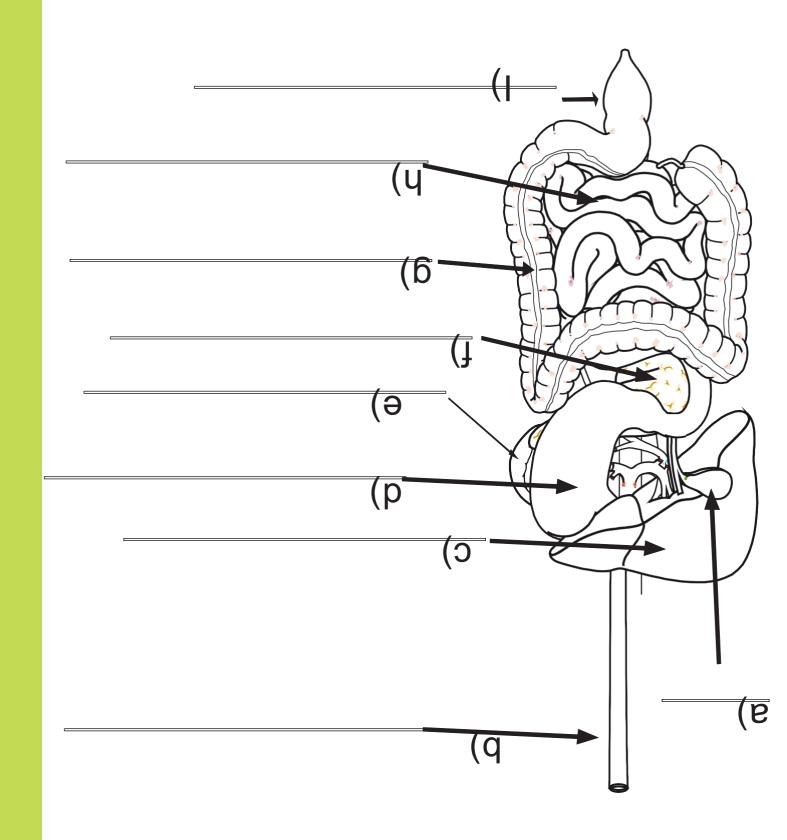


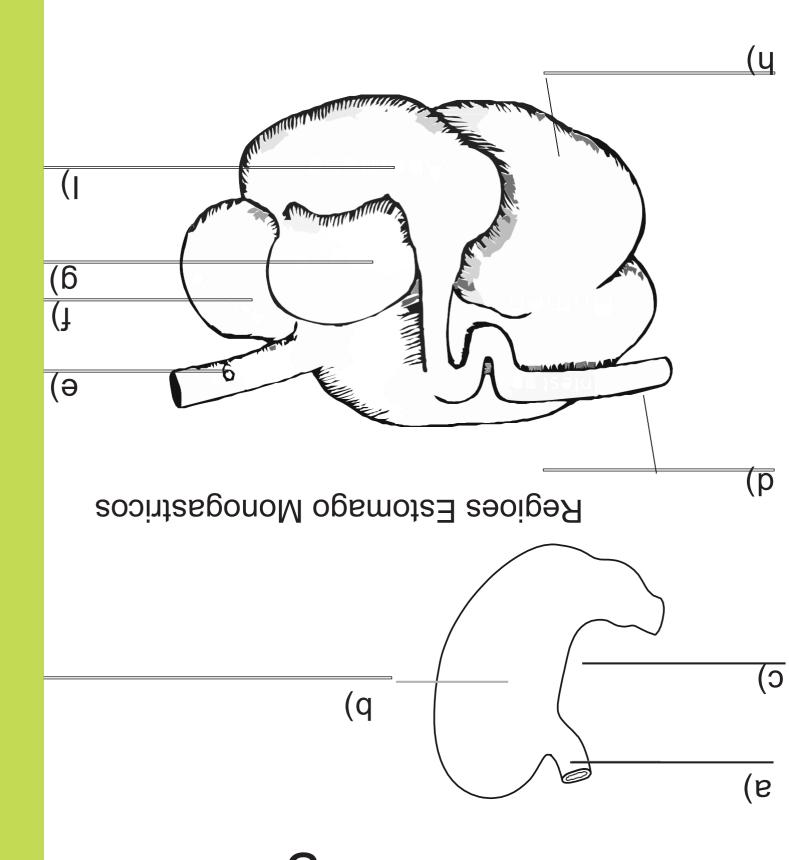
Estrutura geral dos orgãos tubulares/ocos

*comum ao digestório, respiratório, reprodutor e urinário.

Túnica mucosa (epitélio variável, lâmina própria de conjuntivo que pode ter glândulas, muscular da mucosa (esquelético ou liso) que **pode ou não** existir). Túnica submucosa (conjuntivo, pode ter glândulas). Túnica muscular (liso, geralmente 2 camadas); Adventicia (conjuntivo não delimitado) ou Serosa (conjuntivo delimitado externamente por epitélio pavimentoso simples chamado de mesotélio)

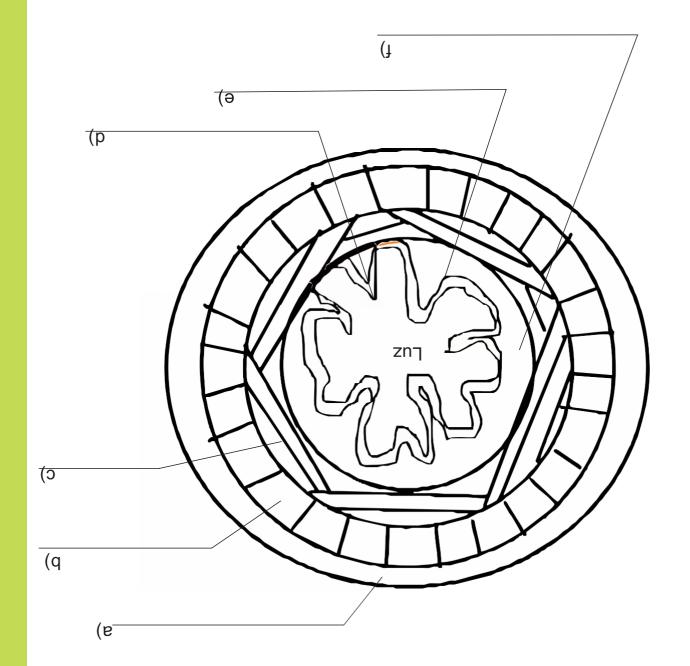




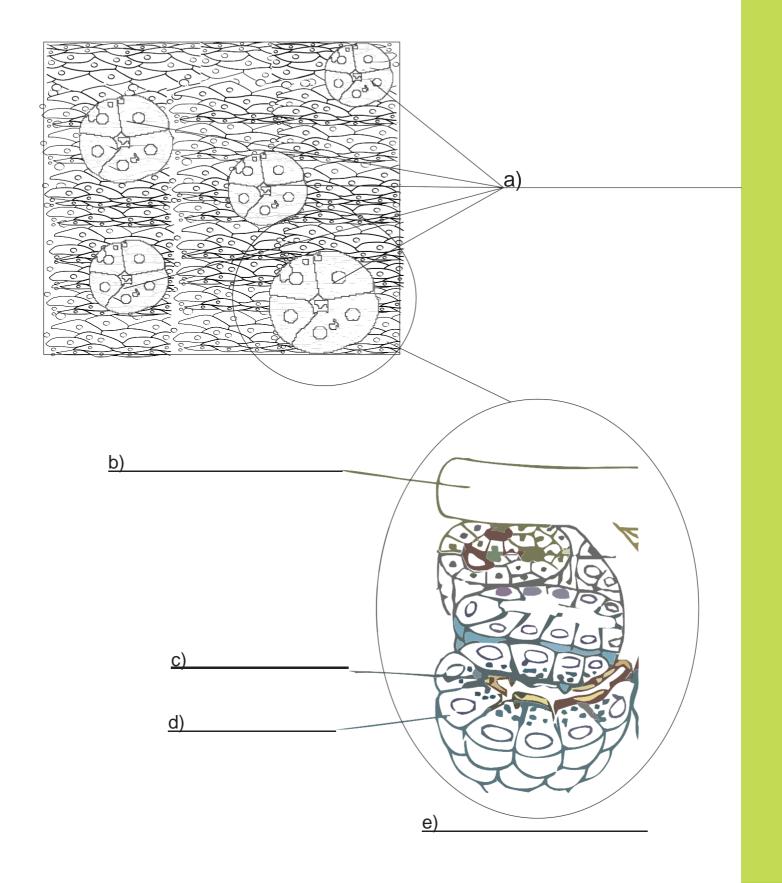


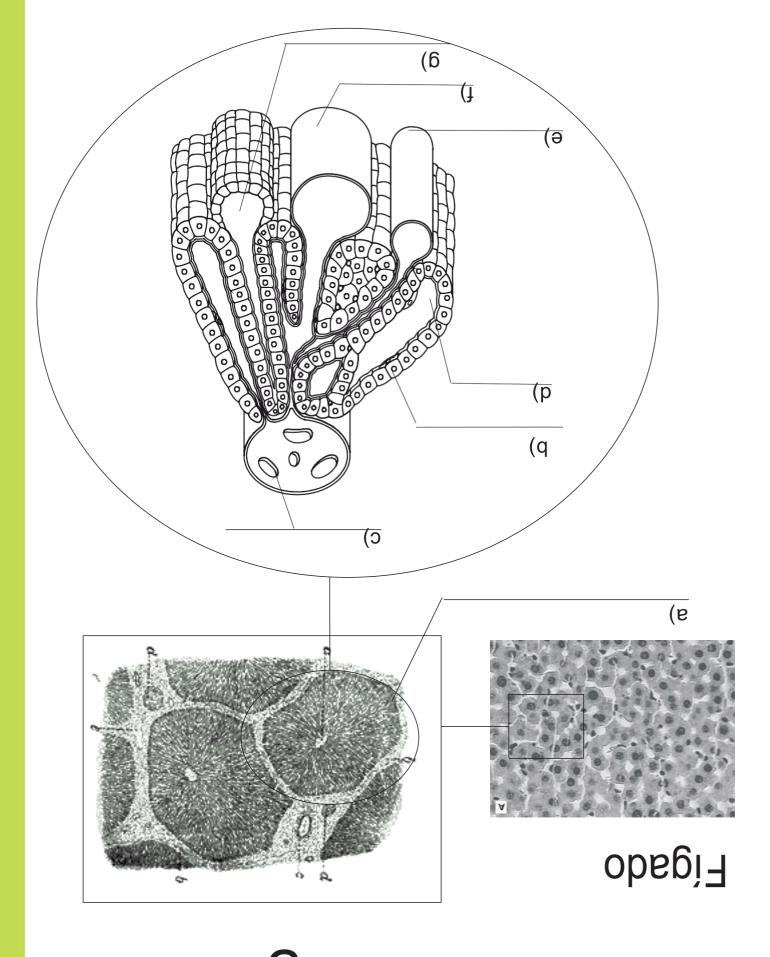
Regioes Estomago Ruminantes

Esôfago

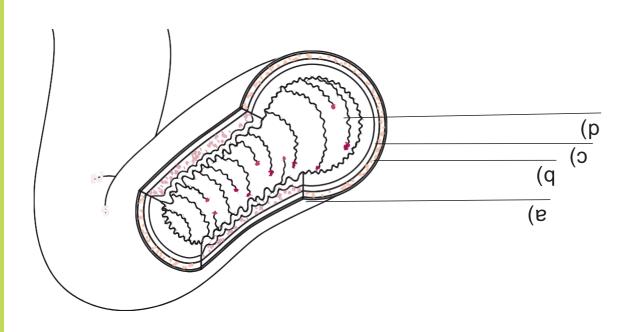


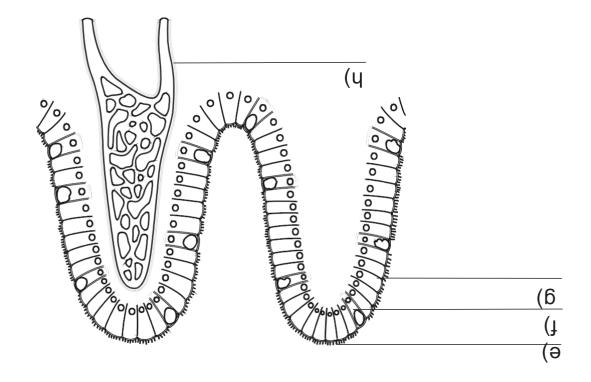
Pancreas exócrino





Intestino Delgado



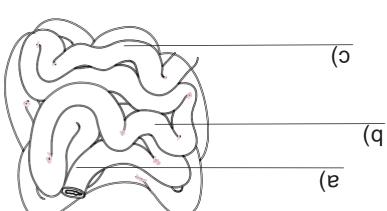


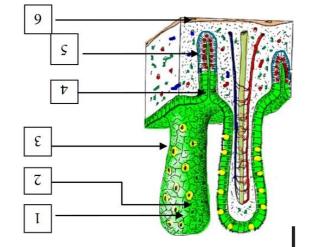
Intestino Delgado

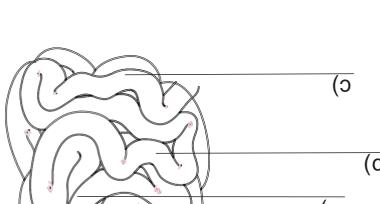
tamanho das vilosidades. quantidade de celulas e os tipos de estrutura, as porções de acordo com enumeradas e diferencie Identifique as estruturas

Assinale o número correspondente:

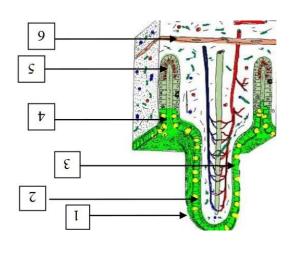
09|| onujaL Duodeno

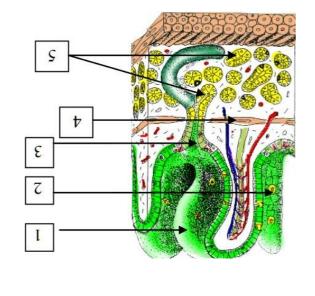






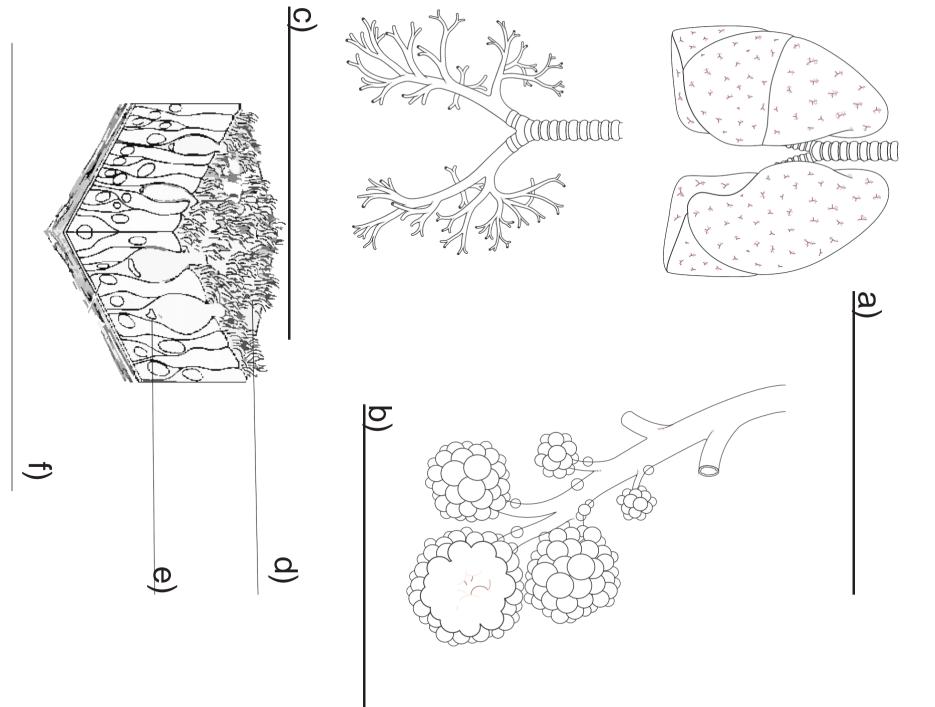
Ш



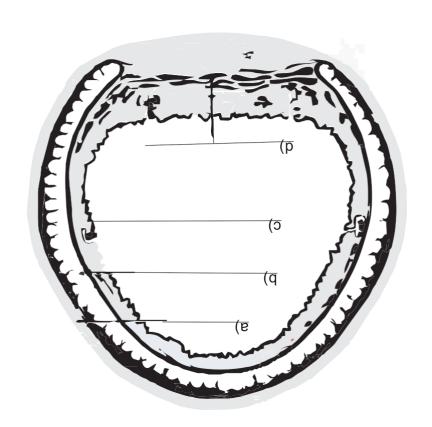




Sistema respiratorio

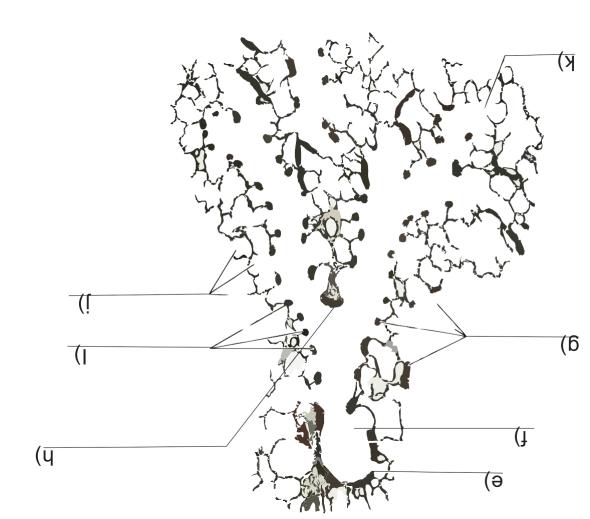


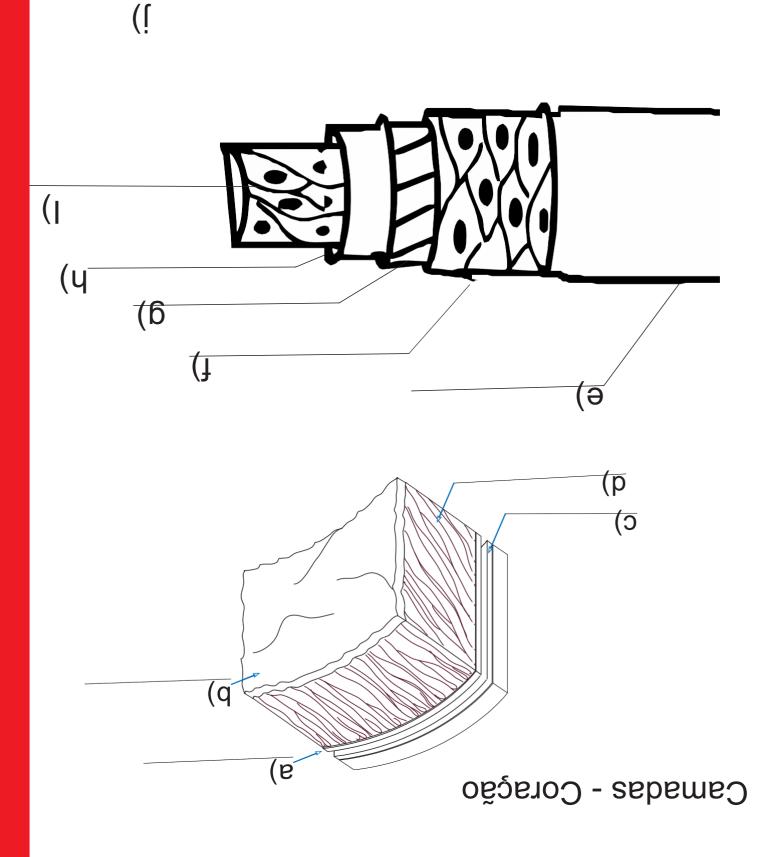
Sistema respiratorio



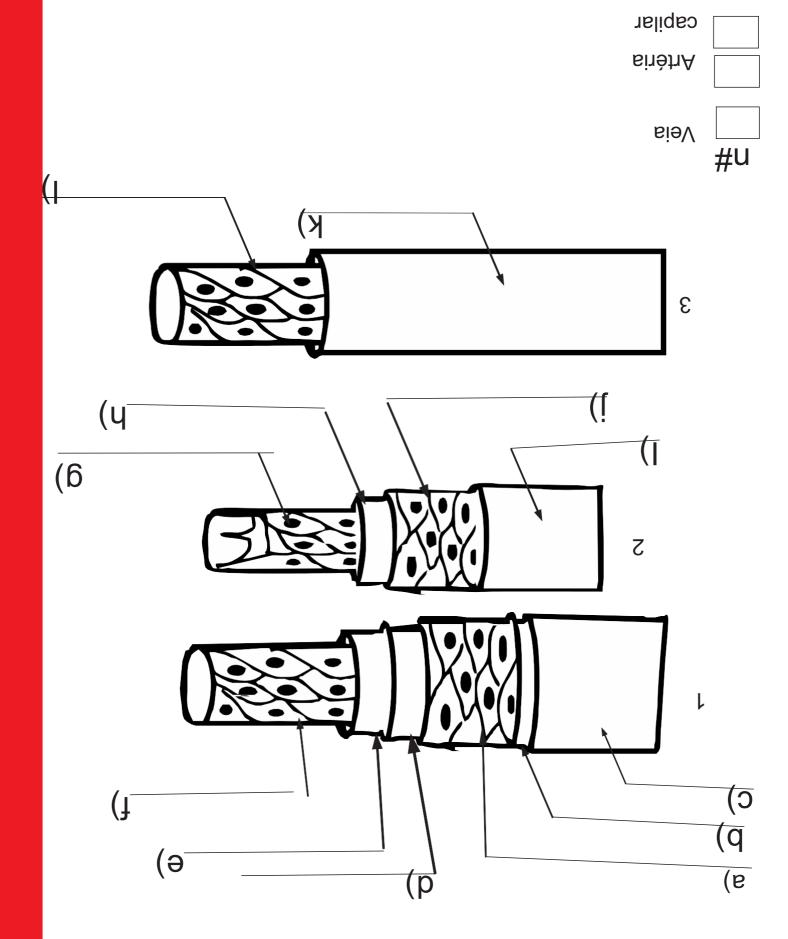
traqueia

Pulmão

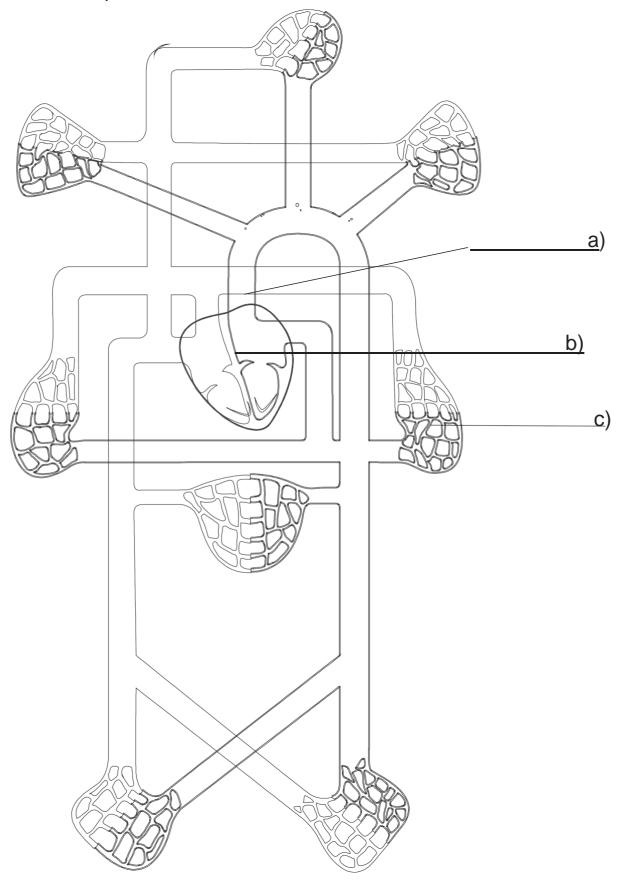


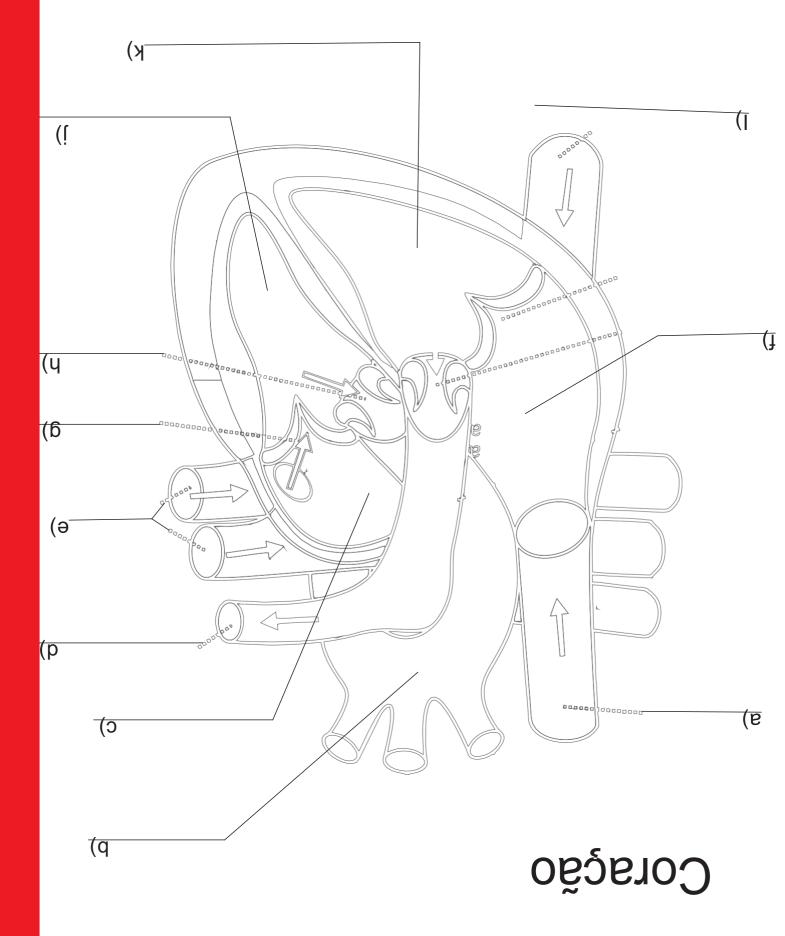


Túnicas - vasos sanguineos



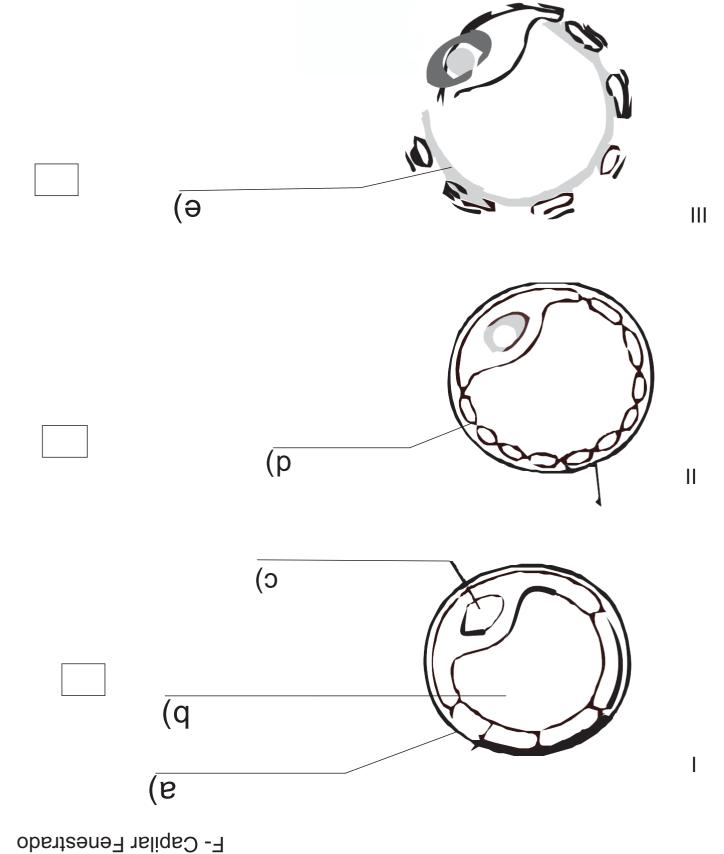
Indique e diferencie em diferentes cores a circulação vascular e linfática, indicando os sentidos por meio de setas.



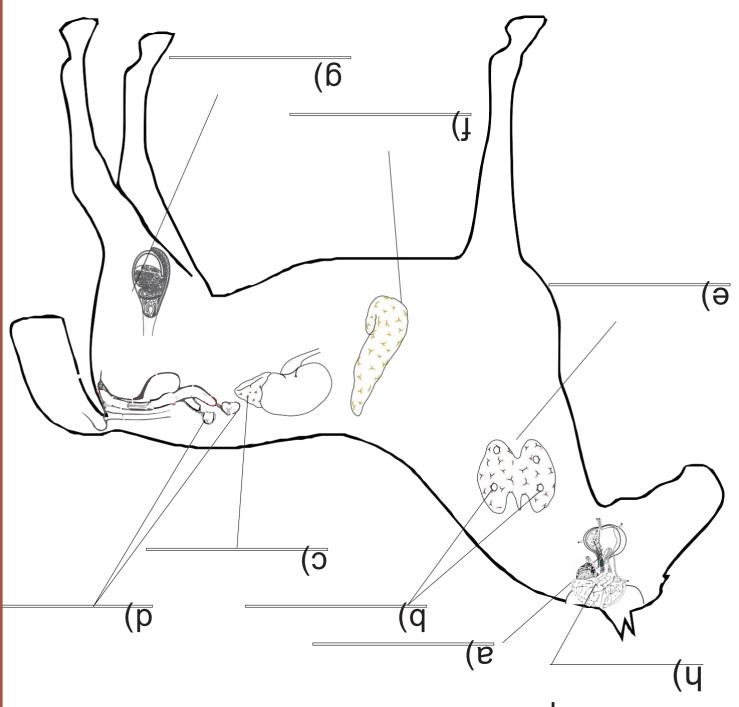


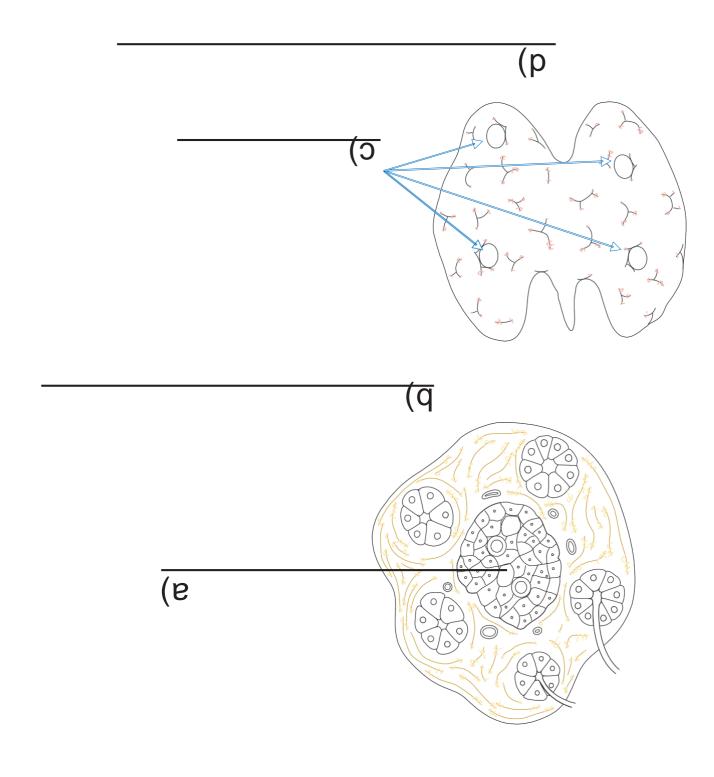
Assinale: C - Capilar Contínuo S - Capilarsinusóide

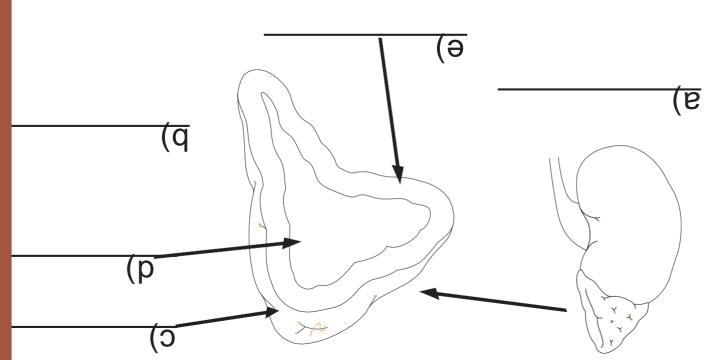
Capilares



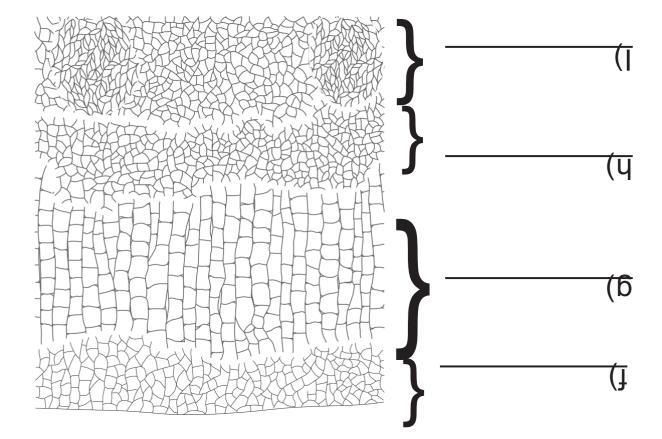
Componentes do sistema endócrino



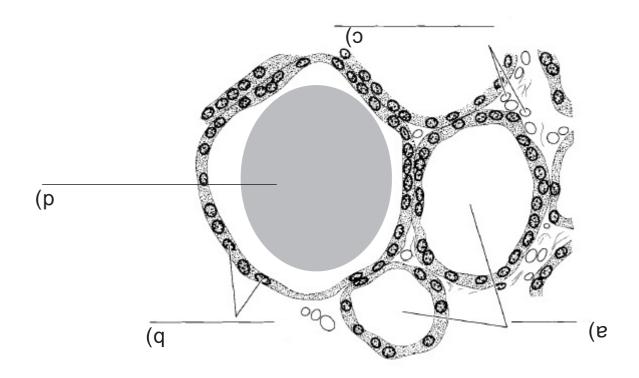




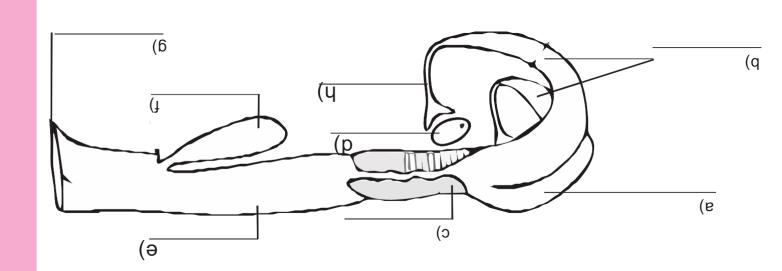
Regiões da zona cortical e medular

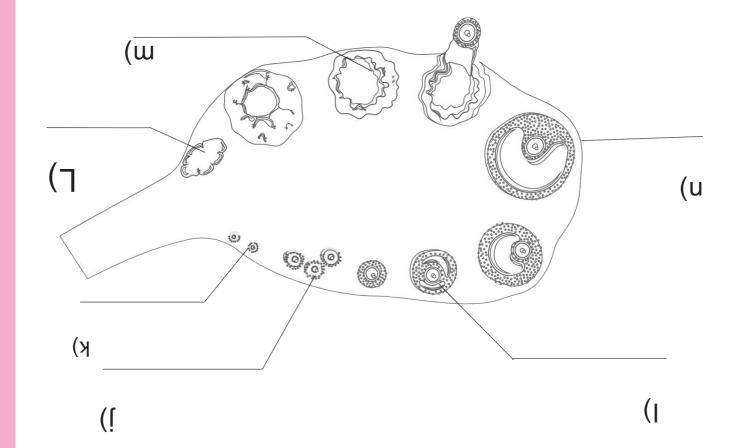


4 tireóide

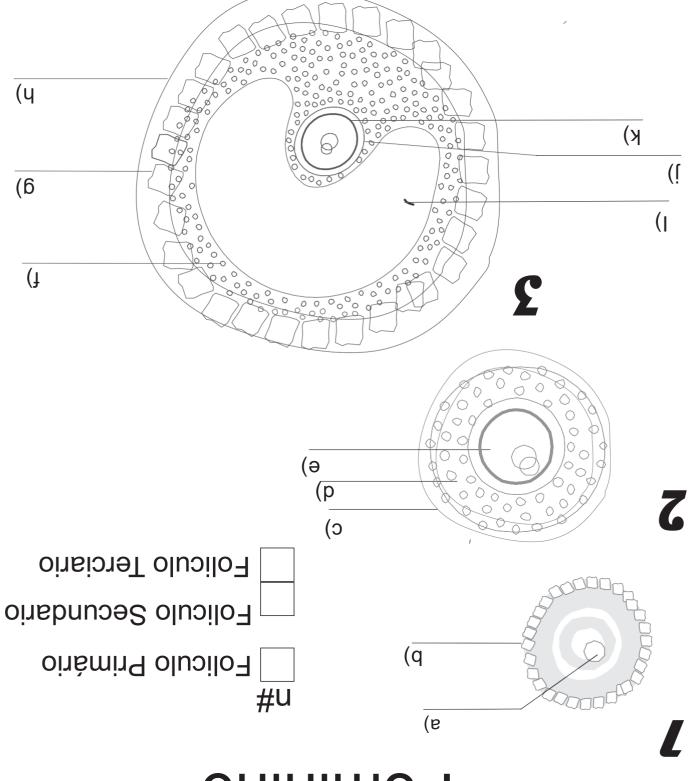


Sistema Reprodutor onlinima

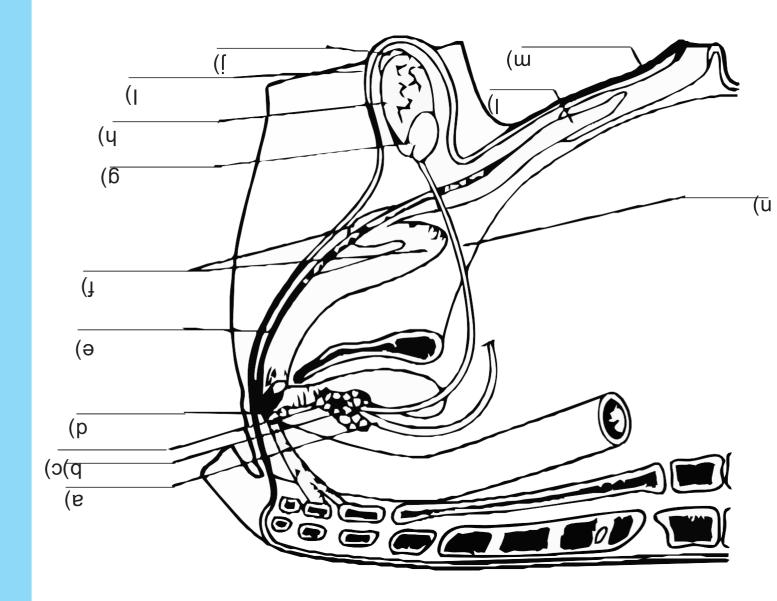




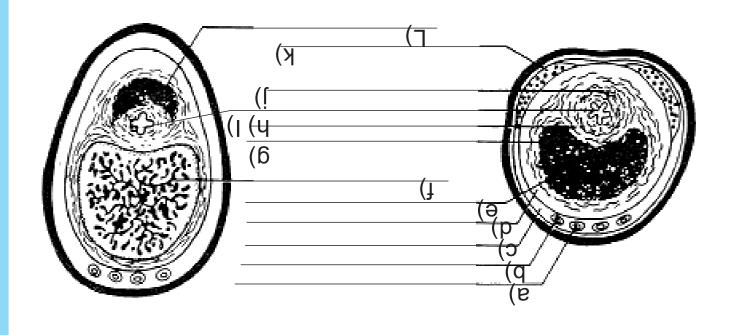
Sistema Reprodutor onlinima



Sistema Reprodutor Onilino



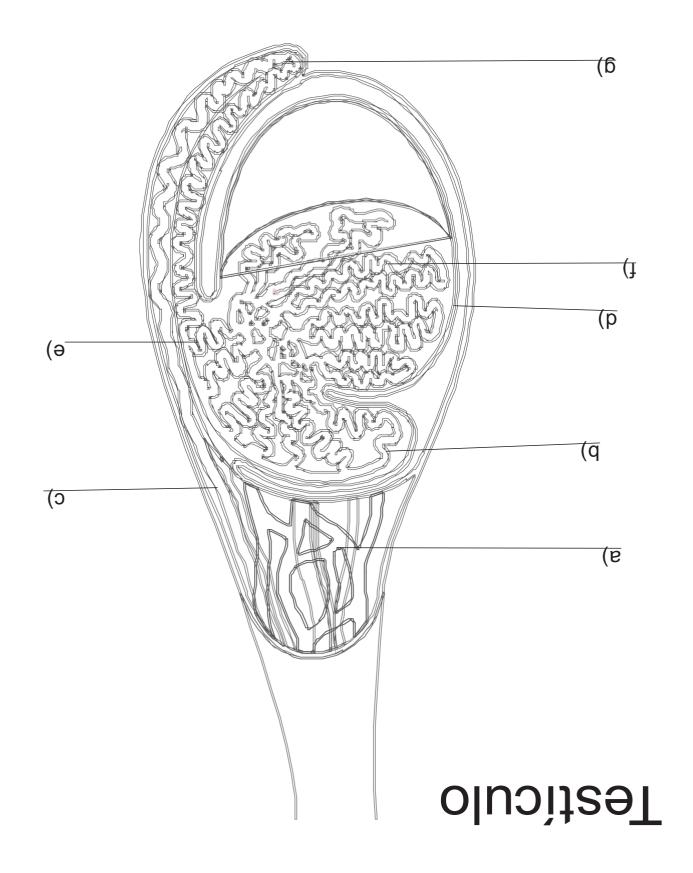
Sistema Reprodutor OniluseM Sinaq



Assinale os correspondentes às figuras acima:

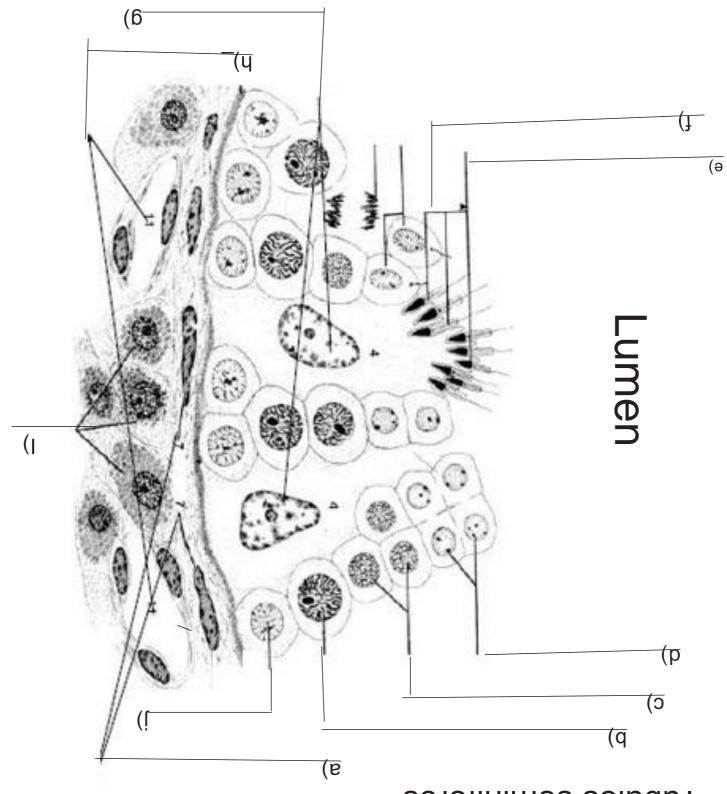
Penis Equino	
Penis Bovino	

Sistema Reprodutor Onilino

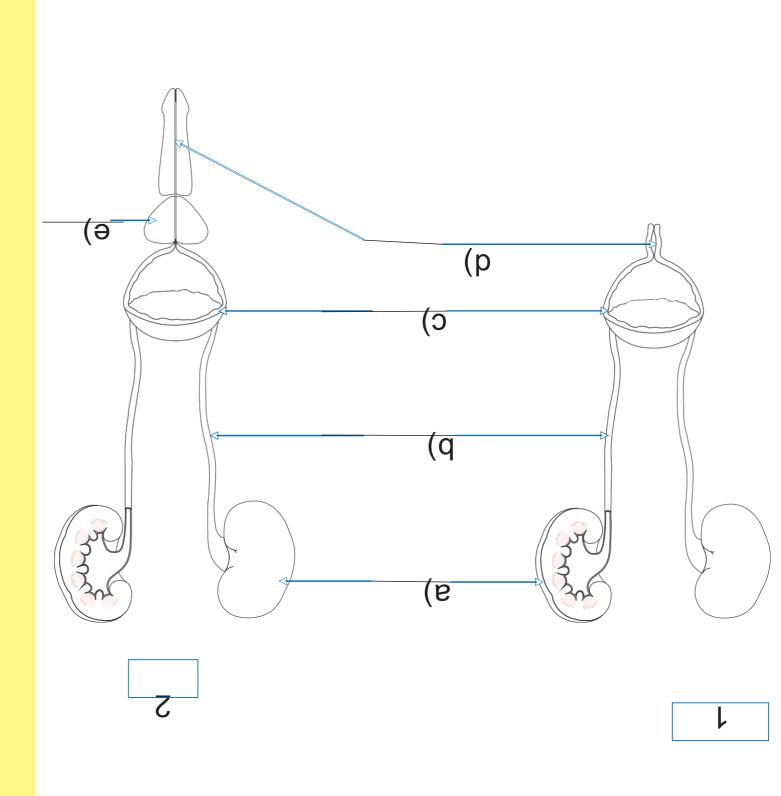


Sistema Reprodutor Onilino

Tubulos seminiferos



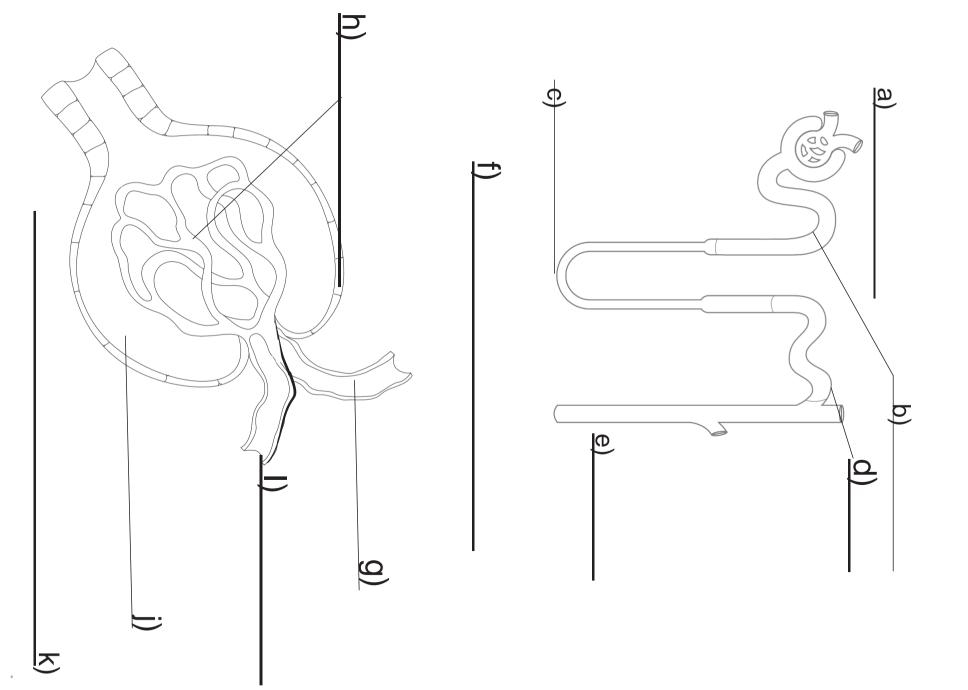
Sistema Urinário



oninime #n

Masculino

Sistema Urinário



Sistema Urinário

